## 9.9 TOWN OF DICKINSON

This section presents the jurisdictional annex for the Town of Dickinson.

## A.) HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name: Ronald B. Lake, PE, Town Engineer Address: 282 Ostrum Road, Kirkwood, NY 13795 Telephone: 607-343-8937 Fax: 607-729-9052 Email address: ronbert18@stny.rr.com	Name: Michael A. Marinaccio, Supervisor Address: Phone Number: 607-723-9401X204 Email address:

## **B.)** PROFILE

# **Population**

1,663 (estimated 2010 U.S. Census)

## Location

The Town of Dickinson is located in the central part of Broome County, NY. The town is bounded on the north by the Towns of Chenango and Fenton, to the east by Kirkwood, to the south by the of Binghamton, and to the west by the Town of Union. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the town has a total area of 4.9 square miles, of which, 4.8 square miles is land and 0.1 square miles in water.

# **Brief History**

The town was formed in 1890 from the Town of Binghamton and is the last town to be formed in Broome County. The former Chenango Canal passed through the town that linked Binghamton to Troy, NY and the Erie Canal.

# **Governing Body Format**

Home rule is strong in New York State and thus, each town and village has its own governing body. Towns are made up of a Town Board and Supervisor. Villages generally have a Mayor, Town Clerk, and Board of Trustees. Along with town and village roads, any public water and sewer systems are operated by the local municipality, though they may cooperate with County departments. Each municipality has charge over its own planning and zoning and uses the County personnel as a resource.

# **Growth/Development Trends**

The following table summarizes major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development that are identified for the next five (5) years in the municipality. Refer to the map in section I.) of this annex which illustrates the hazard areas along with the location of potential new development.

New Development/Potential Development in Municipality										
Property Name	Type (Residential or Commercial)	Number of Structures	Address	Block and Lot	Known Hazard Zone	Description/ Status				
Meadow Wood	Residential	100	100 Glenwood Road			On Hold				
BCC	Education	300BR	BCC			Being talked about				

# C.) NATURAL HAZARD EVENT HISTORY SINCE 2006

Broome County has a history of natural hazard events as detailed in Volume I, Section 5 of this plan. A summary of historical events is provided in each of the hazard profiles and includes a chronology of events affecting the County and its municipalities. Below is presented a summary of events dating from the year 2006 to indicate the range and impact of natural hazard events in this community. Specific damages have been indicated if available from reference or local sources. For details of events prior to 2006, refer to Volume I, Section 5 of this plan.

Type of Event	FEMA Disaster # (if applicable)	County Designated?	Date	Approximate Damage Assessment
Severe Storms and Flooding	DR 1650	Yes - IA, PA	June 26 —July 10, 2006	
Severe Storms and Flooding	DR 1670	Yes - IA, PA	November 16-17, 2006	
April Nor'easter	DR 1692	No	April 14 - 18, 2007	
Severe Storms and Flooding	DR 1710	No	June 19, 2007	
Severe Winter Storm	EM 3299 DR 1827	No	December 11-31, 2008	
Severe Storms and Flooding	DR 1857	No	August 8-10, 2009	
Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm	DR 1957	No	December 26-27, 2011	
Severe Storms, Flooding, Tornado and Straight Line Winds	DR 1993	Yes - PA	April 26 — May 8, 2011	
Hurricane Irene	EM 3328 DR 4020	Yes - IA, PA	August 26 — September 5, 2011	
Remnants of Tropical Storm Lee	EM 3341 DR 4031	Yes - IA, PA	September 7-11, 2011	

Note: N/A = Not applicable

# D.) NATURAL HAZARD RISK/VULNERABILITY RISK RANKING

Hazard type	Estimate of Potential to Structures Vulne Hazard <sup>a,</sup>	rable to the	Probability of Occurrence	Risk Ranking Score (Probability x Impact)	Hazard Ranking
Flood	1% Annual Chance: 0.2% Annual Chance:	\$2,686,026 \$8,853,981	Frequent	42	High
Severe Winter Storm	1% of GBS: 5% of GBS:	\$4,639,581 \$23,197,906	Frequent	39	High
Severe Storm	100-Year MRP: 500-Year MRP: Annualized Loss:	\$0 \$89,103 \$858	Frequent	30	Medium
Earthquake	500-Year MRP: 2,500-Year MRP: Annualized Loss:	\$158,302 \$1,932,373 \$1,894	Occasional	16	Low
Drought	Not availab	ole	Frequent	18	Low
Extreme Temperature	Not availab	ole	Frequent	18	Low

- a. Building damage ratio estimates based on FEMA 386-2 (August 2001)
- High = Total hazard priority risk ranking score of 31 and above
   Medium = Total hazard priority risk ranking of 20-30
   Low = Total hazard risk ranking below 20
- c. The valuation of general building stock and loss estimates was based on custom inventory for Broome County.
- d. Loss estimates for the severe storm and severe winter storm hazards are structural values only and do not include the value of contents.
- e. Loss estimates for the flood and earthquake hazards represent both structure and contents.
- f. The HAZUS-MH earthquake model results are reported by Census Tract.

# E.) CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

This section identifies the following capabilities of the local jurisdiction:

- Legal and regulatory capability
- Administrative and technical capability
- Fiscal capability
- Community resiliency
- Community political capability
- Community classification.

The town indicates that it has high planning, regulatory, administrative and technical capabilities; moderate community political capabilities; and limited community resiliency and fiscal capabilities; with a moderately willing political capability to enact policies or programs to reduce hazard vulnerabilities in the community.

# E.1) Legal and Regulatory Capability

Regulatory Tools (Codes, Ordinances., Plans)	Do you have this? (Y or N)	Enforcement Authority	Code Citation (Section, Paragraph, Page Number, Date of adoption)
1) Building Code	Υ	Town Board	265, 2011
2) Zoning Ordinance	Y	Town Board	600, 2009
3) Subdivision Ordinance	Y	Town Board	490, 2009
4) NFIP Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Y	Town Board	299, 2009
4a) Cumulative Substantial Damages	N – Under development	HIGHWAY	
4b) Freeboard	Y	NYS Code	2011
5) Growth Management	Υ	Planning Board	Updating Comprehensive Plan
6) Floodplain Management / Basin Plan	Y	Code	
7) Stormwater Management Plan/Ordinance	Υ	Code/Engineer Town Board	470, 2009
8) Comprehensive Plan / Master Plan/ General Plan	Υ	Planning Board Town Board	19, 2004 – currently being updated
9) Capital Improvements Plan	Υ	PUBLIC WORKS	
10) Site Plan Review Requirements	Y	Planning Board	600
11) Open Space Plan	Y	Planning Board	490-18
12) Stream Corridor Management Plan	N	Local or Watershed	
13) Watershed Management or Protection Plan	N	Local or Watershed	
14) Economic Development Plan		County	
15) Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Y	Local or County	County
16) Emergency Response Plan	Υ	Local or County	
17) Post Disaster Recovery Plan	Y	Local	
18) Post Disaster Recovery Ordinance	Y	Local	
19) Real Estate Disclosure Requirement	Y	State	
20) Other [Special Purpose Ordinances (i.e., critical or sensitive areas)]		Local or County	

# E.2) Administrative and Technical Capability

Staff/ Personnel Resources	Available (Y or N)	Department/ Agency/ Position
Planner(s) or Engineer(s) with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Y	Supervisor
Engineer(s) or Professional(s) trained in construction practices related to buildings and/or infrastructure	Y	Supervisor
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Υ	Supervisor
4) NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Υ	Code – Stephen Rafferty
5) Surveyor(s)	N	
6) Personnel skilled or trained in "GIS" applications	N	
7) Scientist familiar with natural hazards	N	
8) Emergency Manager	Υ	Supervisor
9) Grant Writer(s)	N	
10) Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	N	

# E.3) Fiscal Capability

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to use (Yes/No/Don't know)
1) Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	Y
2) Capital Improvements Project Funding	N
3) Authority to Levy Taxes for specific purposes	Y
4) User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Y
5) Impact Fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Ν
6) Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Y
7) Incur debt through special tax bonds	N
8) Incur debt through private activity bonds	N
9) Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	N
10) State mitigation grant programs (e.g. NYSDEC, NYCDEP)	N
11) Other	

# **E.4) Community Classifications**

Program	Classification	Date Classified
Community Rating System (CRS)	NP	
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	NP	
Public Protection	NP	
Storm Ready	NP	
Firewise	NP	

N/A = Not applicable. NP = Not participating. - = Unavailable.

The classifications listed above relate to the community's effectiveness in providing services that may impact it's vulnerability to the natural hazards identified. These classifications can be viewed as a gauge of the community's capabilities in all phases of emergency management (preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation) and are used as an underwriting parameter for determining the costs of various forms of insurance. The CRS class applies to flood insurance while the BCEGS and Public Protection classifications apply to standard property insurance. CRS classifications range on a scale of 1 to 10 with class one (1) being the best possible classification, and class 10 representing no classification benefit. Firewise classifications include a higher classification when the subject property is located beyond 1000 feet of a creditable fire hydrant and is within 5 road miles of a recognized Fire Station.

Criteria for classification credits are outlined in the following documents:

- The Community Rating System Coordinators Manual
- The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule
- The ISO Mitigation online ISO's Public Protection website at <a href="http://www.isomitigation.com/ppc/0000/ppc0001.html">http://www.isomitigation.com/ppc/0000/ppc0001.html</a>
- The National Weather Service Storm Ready website at http://www.weather.gov/stormready/howto.htm
- The National Firewise Communities website at <a href="http://firewise.org/">http://firewise.org/</a>

# F. MITIGATION STRATEGY

### F.1) Past Mitigation Actions/Status

The Town reported completing a stormwater infrastructure engineering analysis of Boland Road area in vicinity of Broome County College to determine feasible mitigation options for recurrent flooding conditions, and is now working with DOT to install a flap gate to prevent river back up. At Chenango Shores, a drainage study and improvements including a shutoff valve have been completed or are underway.

Other completed, planned, or ongoing actions are upgrade drainage systems at Deyo Hill and Terrace Drive.

The progress of mitigation actions from the 2007 Hazards Mitigation plan is indicated in Section F.3. Actions that are in not yet complete or are ongoing have been carried over to this plan update.

# F.2) Hazard Vulnerabilities Identified

The town identified hazard vulnerability areas as the following:

• BCC area of Front Street: Flooding of homes, church and college.

Adams Drive: flooding
Sunrise Terrace: flooding
Market Street: flooding
Lower Stella: flooding

It is estimated that in the Town of Dickinson, 1,175 residents live within the 1% annual chance flood area (NFIP Special Flood Hazard Area). Of the municipality's total land area, 11.9% is located within the 1% annual chance flood area. \$43,399,628 (5.3%) of the municipality's general building stock replacement cost value (structure and contents) is located within the 1% annual chance flood area.

There are 40 NFIP policies in the community and there are 15 policies located within the 1% annual chance flood area. FEMA has identified 6 Repetitive Loss (RL) including 0 Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) properties in the municipality.

Further information regarding the community's participation in the NFIP is provided in the table below.

# **NFIP Summary**

Municipality	# Policies (1)	# Claims (Losses) (1)	Total Loss Payments (2)	# Rep. Loss Prop. (1)	# Severe Rep. Loss Prop. (1)	# Polices in 1% Boundary (3)	# Polices in 0.2% Boundary (3)	# Policies Outside the 0.2% Flood Hazard (3)
Dickinson (T)	40	25	\$1,052,647	6	0	15	7	18

#### Source:

- (1) Policies, claims, repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss statistics provided by FEMA Region 2, in April 2012 using the "Comm\_Name". These statistics are current as of January 31, 2012. Please note the total number of repetitive loss properties includes the severe repetitive loss properties.
- (2) Total building and content losses from the claims file provided by FEMA Region 2 (current as of January 31, 2012).
- (3) The policy locations used are based on the latitude and longitude provided by FEMA Region 2.

HAZUS-MH estimates that for a 1% annual chance flood, \$2,686,026 (0.3%) of the municipality's general building stock replacement cost value (structure and contents) will be damaged, 184 people may be displaced, 105 people may seek short-term sheltering, and an estimated 2,956 tons of debris could be generated. HAZUS-MH estimates the following damage and loss of use to critical facilities in the community as a result of a 1% annual chance flood event:

			Expe	osure		ntial Loss fi Flood Ever		Potential Loss from 0.2% Flood Event		
Name	Municipality	Type	1% Eve nt	0.2% Event	Percent Structure Damage		Days to 100- Percent <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent Structure Damage	Content	Days to 100- Percent <sup>(1)</sup>
Sheriff's Office	Dickinson (T)	Police		Х	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	NA

			Ехр	osure		ntial Loss fi Flood Evei			ntial Loss % Flood E	
Name	Municipality	Type	1% Eve	0.2% Event	Percent Structure Damage		Days to 100- Percent <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent Structure Damage	Percent Content Damage	Days to 100- Percent <sup>(1)</sup>
Sunrise Terrace Community	Dickinson (T)	Poll		Х	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	NA
Nimmonsburg United Methodist	Dickinson (T)	Shelter	Х	Х	6.5	27.1	-	11.8	38.6	-

Source: HAZUS-MH 2.1

Note: NA = Not available; T = Town = No loss calculated by HAZUS-MH 2.1

X = Facility located within the DFIRM boundary.

(1) HAZUS-MH 2.1 provides a general indication of the maximum restoration time for 100% operations. Clearly, a great deal of effort is needed to quickly restore essential facilities to full functionality; therefore this will be an indication of the maximum downtime (HAZUS-MH 2.1 User Manual).

Please note in some cases, a facility may be located in the DFIRM flood hazard boundary; however HAZUS did not calculate potential loss. This may be because the depth of flooding does not amount to any damages to the structure according to the depth damage function used in HAZUS for that facility type.

Please refer to the Hazard Profiles for additional vulnerability information relevant to this jurisdiction.

# F.3) PROPOSED HAZARD MITIGATION INITIATIVES

Note some of the identified mitigation initiatives are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in municipal priorities.

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
1.	Continue training in the National Incident Command System (ICS), under the National Incident Management System (NIMS).	N/A	All	4-1 4-3 4-8	Town Board	High	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	ES, PP	Ongoing
2.	Maintain programs to keep trees from threatening lives, property, and public infrastructure during storm events.	N/A	Severe Storm	3-1 4-2	Town Highway Dept	Medium	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	Medium	PR	Ongoing
3.	Maintain backup generators and other redundant utilities for DPW facilities.	N/A	All	1-1 4-3 4-5	Town DPW	High	Medium	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	ES	Ongoing
4.	Assist in the update of flood plain (FIRM) maps – Jurisdictional Level. Specific assistance can be provided in the area of attending map update meetings held by FEMA, NYDEC and USGS; and identification of floodprone areas outside of currently designated areas	N/A	Flood	1-1 1-3 2-3	FEMA, Town NFIP Coordinator	High	Medium	Municipal Budget	On- going	Medium	PR	Ongoing
5.	Continue participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).	N/A	Flood	1-2 1-7 2-1	Town NFIP Coordinator	High	Medium	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PR	Ongoing
(6)	Prepare storm water	N/A	Flood		Town	Medium	Medium	Municipal	Short	High	PP	Complete

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
	infrastructure engineering analysis of Boland Road area in vicinity of Broome County College to determining feasible mitigation options for recurrent flooding conditions.				Engineer			Budget				
6 (7.)	Evaluate obtaining a dozen portable sump pumps to loan to citizens during basement flooding situations.	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2	Town DPW	Medium	Medium	Grant opportunities, Municipal Budget	Short Term DOF	Medium	PP	Ongoing
7 (8.)	Maintain, as appropriate, a parking ordinance for emergency snow removal.	N/A	Severe Storm	1-1 4-3	Town Police Dept.	Medium	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	Medium	ES	Ongoing
8 (9).	Encourage review of site plans by fire fighting companies to ensure fire-fighting capacity exists at the local level to support development.	New and Existing	All	4-2 4-3	Town Fire Dept.	High	Medium	Municipal Budget	On- going	Medium	ES	Ongoing
9 (10.)	Encourage amendment of the zoning ordinances to ensure developments served by private wells have adequate well recharge area	Existing	Drought	1-4 4-3	Town Board and Code Enforcement	Medium	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	Medium	NR	Ongoing
10 (11.)	Consider non- structural flood hazard mitigation alternatives for at risk properties within the floodplain, including those that have been identified as repetitive loss properties, such as acquisition/relocation, or elevation	Existing	Flood	1-4 1-6 1-9 1-10	Town Code Enforcement	Medium	Low	FEMA mitigation grants, Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PP	Ongoing



Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
	depending on feasibility. The parameters for feasibility for this initiative would be: funding, benefits versus costs and willing participation of property owners.											
11.	Flap Gate on outflow to river to prevent river back up at BCC area.	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2	Town, State highway	High	Medium	Federal grants	Short Term DOF	High	SP	New
12.	John Street upgrade to drainage.	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2 1-11	Town DPW	High	High	Federal grants	Short Term DOF	High	SP	New
13.	Chenango Shores – drainage study and improvements including a shutoff valve.	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2 1-11	Town DPW	High	High	Federal grants	Short Term DOF	High	SP	New
14.	Deyo Hill – Upgrade drainage system	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2 1-11	Town DPW	High	High	Federal grants	Short Term DOF	High	SP	New
15.	Terrace Drive – Upgrade drainage system	Existing	Flood	1-1 1-2 1-11	Town DPW	High	High	Federal grants	Short Term DOF	High	SP	New
	System   1-11   DOF    Purchase, elevate, or relocate structures located in hazard-prone areas to protect structures from future damage, with repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss properties as priority.  Phase 1: Identify appropriate candidates based on cost-effectiveness versus retrofitting.  Phase 2: Where relocation is determined to be a viable option, work with property owners toward implementation of that action based on available funding from FEMA and local match availability.											
Flood-1	Please see above.	Existing	Flood, Severe Storm	1-1 1-2 2-1 2-2 3-2	Municipality (via Municipal Engineer/NFIP Floodplain Administrator) with support from BCPD, NYSOEM, FEMA	High	High	FEMA Mitigation Grants	Long Term DOF	Medium	PP	New
Flood-2	Maintain compliance w and substantially impro Further, continue to me	ved construction	n in Special Haz	ard Flood Area	s), floodplain ider	ntification and	mapping, and	flood insurance	outreach to t	he commu	nity.	



Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
	(below).											
	Please see above.	N/A	Flood, Severe Storm	1-1 1-2 1-4 1-5 1-6 1-7 2-1 2-2 3-2	Municipality (via Municipal Engineer/NFIP Floodplain Administrator) with support from NYSOEM, FEMA	High	Low- Medium	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PR, PE	New
	Conduct and facilitate of		public education			ousinesses to	include, but n	ot be limited to, t	he following	to promote	and	
Flood-3	<ul> <li>Prepare and grant funding to mitigat</li> </ul>	maintain links to distribute inform e their propertie otification systen d risk reduction	national letters to es, and instruction ns and newslette measures.	o flood vulnera ng them on how ers to better ed ess groups to d	ucate the public o	rs and neighbo ore and impler n flood insurar	orhood associment mitigation ince, the availa	ations, explaining n. bility of mitigation	g the availab	ility of mitig	ation	
	Please see above.	N/A	All Hazards, Or Flood	1-2 1-7 1-9 2-1 2-2 3-2 3-4	Municipality with support from Planning Partners, BCPD, NYSOEM, FEMA	Medium	Medium	Municipal Budget, HMA programs with local or county match	Short Term	Medium	PE	New
Flood-4	Obtain and archive elevation certificates	N/A	Flood, Severe Storm	1-1 1-2 1-4 1-5 4-1	NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Medium	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PR	New
Flood-5	Continue to support the implementation, monitoring, maintenance, and updating of this Plan, as defined in Section 7.0	New and Existing	All Hazards	All Goals and Objectives	Municipality with support from Planning Partners, BCPD, NYSOEM, FEMA	High	Low – High (for 5 year update)	Municipal Budget, FEMA planning grants	On- going	High	PR	New
Flood-6	Complete ongoing updates of Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans	New and Existing	All Hazards	1-1 1-11 4-2	Municipality with support from NYSOEM	Low	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PR	New
Flood-7	Create/enhance/ maintain mutual aid agreements with	N/A	All Hazards	3-1 4-2	Municipality with support from	Low	Low	Municipal Budget	On- going	High	PR, ES	New



Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
	neighboring communities for continuity of operations.				surrounding municipalities and County							
Flood-8	Identify and develop agreements with entities that can provide support with FEMA/SOEM paperwork after disasters; qualified damage assessment personnel – Improve post-disaster capabilities – damage assessment; FEMA/SOEM paperwork compilation, submissions, record-keeping	N/A	All Hazards	1-4 1-5 2-2 3-1 4-1	Municipality with support from County, NYSOEM and FEMA	Medium	Medium	Municipal Budget	Short Term	Medium	PR, ES	New
Flood-9	Work with regional agencies (i.e. County and SOEM) to help develop damage assessment capabilities at the local level through such things as training programs, certification of qualified individuals (e.g. code officials, floodplain managers, engineers).	N/A	All Hazards	1-5 2-2 2-3 3-1 4-1	Municipality with support from County, NYSOEM and FEMA	Medium	Medium	Municipal Budget, FEMA HMA and HLS grant programs	Short- Long Term DOF	Medium	PR	New
Flood-10	Participate in local, county and/or state level projects and programs to develop improved structure and facility inventories and hazard datasets to support enhanced risk assessment efforts. Such programs may include developing a detailed inventory of critical facilities based upon FEMA's Comprehensive Data Management System (CDMS) which could be used for various planning and emergency management purposes including:  Support the performance of enhanced risk and vulnerability assessments for hazards of concern.  Support state, county and local planning efforts including mitigation (including updates to the State HMP), comprehensive emergency management,											
	Please see above.	N/A	All Hazards	1-1 1-3	Hazard Mitigation Plan	Medium- High	Medium- High	FEMA Mitigation	Long Term	Medium	PR	New

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals and Objectives Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	2007 Action Status
				1-8 2-2 3-1 4-1	Coordinator			Grant Programs with local match	DOF			
Severe Storm-1												
	Please see above.	N/A	Severe Storm	1-1 1-2 2-1 2-2	Municipality with support from County, NYSOEM and FEMA	Medium	Low	Municipal Budget	Short Term DOF	Medium	PE	New
Earthquake-	Obtain training and conduct rapid screening assessment of critical facilities for earthquake vulnerability.	N/A	Earthquake	1-1 4-2 4-3	Municipal Emergency Management, Fire, PD with support from County, NYSOEM	Medium	Medium	Municipal Budget, State and County grant opportunities	Long Term DOF	Low	PR, ES	New
Earthquake- 2	Develop a post- earthquake management plan to address building safety inspections, gas leaks, and other elements to protect public safety.	N/A	Earthquake	1-11 4-5	Municipal Emergency Management, Fire, PD with support from County, NYSOEM	Medium	Medium	Municipal Budget, State and County grant opportunities	Long Term DOF	Low	ES	New

#### Notes

#### Acronyms

ARC American Red Cross

BCDSS Broome County Department of Social Services
BCOES Broome County Office of Emergency Services

BCPD Broome County Planning Department and Economic Development

BCSWCD Broome County Soil and Water Conservation District

DPW Department of Public Works

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency



<sup>\*</sup>Does this mitigation initiative reduce the effects of hazards on new and/or existing buildings and/or infrastructure? Not applicable (NA) is inserted if this does not apply.

<sup>()-</sup>For reference, action numbers from the Broome County 2007 Multi-Jurisdictional All-Hazards Plan are indicated in parentheses.

HUD New York Department of Housing and Urban Development

NFIP National Flood Insurance Program

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

NYSDOT New York State Department of Transportation

NYSEG New York State Electric and Gas

NYSFSMA New York State Floodplain and Stormwater Managers Association

NYSOEM New York State Office of Emergency Management

USACE Unites States Army Corp of Engineers USGS United States Geological Survey

#### Costs:

Where actual project costs have been reasonably estimated:

Low = < \$10,000

Medium = \$10,000 to \$100,000

High = > \$100,000

Where actual project costs cannot reasonably be established at this time:

Low = Possible to fund under existing budget. Project is part of, or can be part of an existing on-going program.

Medium = Could budget for under existing work-plan, but would require a reapportionment of the budget or a budget amendment, or the cost of the project would have to be spread over multiple years.

High = Would require an increase in revenue via an alternative source (i.e., bonds, grants, fee increases) to implement. Existing funding levels are not adequate to cover the costs of the proposed project.

#### **Benefits:**

Where possible, an estimate of project benefits (per FEMA's benefit calculation methodology) has been evaluated against the project costs, and is presented as:

Low = < \$10,000

Medium = \$10,000 to \$100,000

High = > \$100.000

Where numerical project benefits cannot reasonably be established at this time:

Low = Long term benefits of the project are difficult to quantify in the short term.

Medium = Project will have a long-term impact on the reduction of risk exposure to life and property, or project will provide an immediate reduction in the risk exposure to property.

High = Project will have an immediate impact on the reduction of risk exposure to life and property.

### **Potential FEMA HMA Funding Sources:**

PDM = Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program

FMA = Flood Mitigation Assistance Grant Program

RFC = Repetitive Flood Claims Grant Program

SRL = Severe Repetitive Loss Grant Program

HMGP = Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

#### Timeline:

Short = 1 to 5 years. Long Term= 5 years or greater. OG = On-going program.

DOF = Depending on funding.

Notes (for Mitigation Type):



- 1. PR=Prevention: Government, administrative or regulatory actions or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built Examples of these are acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.
- 2. PP= Property Protection: These actions also include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.
- 3. PE=Public Education and Awareness: Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and school-age and adult education programs.
- 4. NR=Natural Resource Protection: Actions that minimize hazard loss and also preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.
- 5. SP=Structural Projects: Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.
- 6. ES=Emergency Services: Actions that protect people and property, during and immediately following, a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.

# G.) PRIORITIZATION OF MITIGATION INITIATIVES

Initiative #	# of Objectives Met	Benefits	Costs	Do Benefits equal or exceed Costs? (Yes or No)	Is project Grant eligible? (Yes or No)	Can Project be funded under existing programs/budgets? (Yes or No)	Priority (High, Med., Low)
1	3	Н	L	Y	N	Υ	Н
2	2	M	L	Υ	N	Υ	М
3	3	Н	M	Υ	N	Υ	Н
4	3	Н	M	Y	N	Y	М
5	3	Н	M	Y	N	Y	Н
6 (7)	2	M	M	Y	Y	N	М
7 (8)	2	М	L	Υ	N	Υ	М
8 (9)	2	Н	M	Υ	Ν	Υ	М
9 (10)	2	М	L	Υ	N	Υ	М
(8) 8 (9) 9 (10) 10 (11)	4	М	L	Y	Y	N	Н
12	2	Н	М	Y	Υ	N	Н
13	3	Н	Н	Y	Y	Ν	Н
14	3	Н	Н	Y	Υ	N	Н
15	3	Н	H	Υ	Υ	Ν	Н
16	3	Н	Н	Υ	Υ	Ν	Н
Flood 1	5	Н	Н	Y	Υ	N	М
Flood 2	9	Н	M	Y	N	Y	Н
Flood 3	8	M	M	Y	Υ	Y	М
Flood 4	5	М	L	Y	N	Υ	Н
Flood 5	ALL	Н	Н	Y	Y	Υ	Н
Flood 6	3	L	L	Y	N	Y	Н
Flood 7	2	L	L	Y	N	Y	Н
Flood 8	5	M	M	Y	N	Y	М
Flood 9	6	M	M	Y	Y	Y	М
Flood 10	6	M	М	Y	Y	N	М
Sever Storm	5	M	L	Y	N	Y	М
Earthquake 1	3	M	M	Y	N	Y	L
Earthquake 2	3	М	M	Y N/A = Not applicable	N	Υ	L

Notes: H = High. L = Low. M = Medium. N = No. N/A = Not applicable. Y = Yes. ( ) = Mitigation action number from Broome County 2008 Hazard Mitigation Plan



# **Explanation of Priorities**

High Priority = A project that meets multiple objectives (i.e., multiple hazards), benefits exceeds cost, has funding secured or is an on-going project and project meets eligibility requirements for the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) or Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program (PDM) programs. High priority projects can be completed in the short term (1 to 5 years).

Medium Priority = A project that meets goals and objectives, benefits exceeds costs, funding has not been secured but project is grant eligible under, HMGP, PDM or other grant programs. Project can be completed in the short term, once funding is completed. Medium priority projects will become high priority projects once funding is secured.

Low Priority = Any project that will mitigate the risk of a hazard, benefits do not exceed the costs or are difficult to quantify, funding has not been secured and project is not eligible for HMGP or PDM grant funding, and time line for completion is considered long term (1 to 10 years). Low priority projects may be eligible other sources of grant funding from other programs. A low priority project could become a high priority project once funding is secured as long as it could be completed in the short term.

Prioritization of initiatives was based on above definitions: Yes

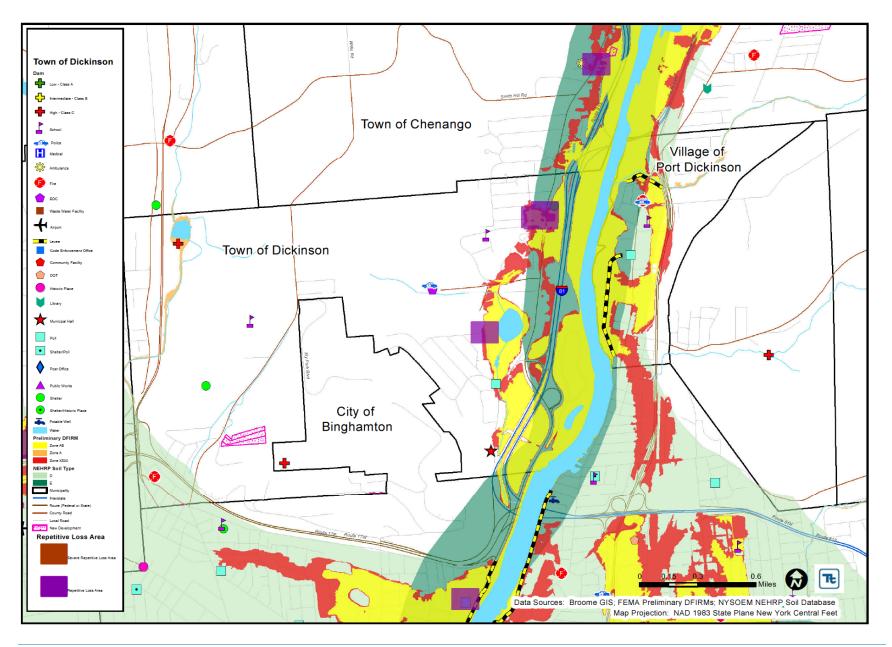
Prioritization of initiatives was based on parameters other than stated above: Not applicable.

# H.) FUTURE NEEDS TO BETTER UNDERSTAND RISK/VULNERABILITY

None at this time.

# I.) HAZARD AREA EXTENT AND LOCATION

A hazard area extent and location map has been generated for the Town of Dickinson to illustrate the probable areas impacted within the Town of Dickinson and is provided on the next page. This map is based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this Plan, and is considered to be adequate for planning purposes. Maps have only been generated for those hazards that can be clearly identified using mapping techniques and technologies, and for which the Town of Dickinson has significant exposure. The Planning Area maps are provided in the hazard profiles within Section 5.4, Volume I of this Plan.



# J.) STATUS OF INCORPORATION OF MITIGATION PLANNING INTO EXISTING AND FUTURE PLANNING MECHANISMS

It is the intention of this municipality to incorporate mitigation planning as an integral component of daily municipal operations. Below is a list of planning mechanisms that have been/will be incorporated into municipal procedures.

(Check which apply and add explanation if required)

Planning Mechanisms	Has Been Utilized	Will Be Utilized
Operating Budget When constructing upcoming budgets, Hazard Mitigation Actions will be funded as budget allows. Construction projects will be evaluated to see if they meet the Hazard Mitigation goals and objectives.	Х	Х
Capital Improvement Budget When constructing upcoming budgets, Hazard Mitigation Actions will be funded as budget allows. Construction projects will be evaluated to see if they meet the Hazard Mitigation goals and objectives.	Х	Х
Human Resource Manual Employee job descriptions may contain Hazard Mitigation Actions.		Х
Building and Zoning Ordinances A variety of building and zoning regulations are used to restrict the uses of land and establish building specifications. Prior to land use, zoning changes or development permitting the TOWN will review the hazard mitigation plan and other hazard analysis to ensure consistent and compatible land use.	х	х
Comprehensive Land Use Plan A land use plan is intended to identify land use issues and to make recommendations on how to address these issues. When applicable the Town will incorporate Hazard Mitigation Actions in the development and extent of the regulations.	Х	Х
Grant Applications Data and maps will be used as supporting documentation in grant applications		X
Municipal Ordinances When updating municipal ordinances Hazard Mitigation will be a priority.	Х	Х
Fire Plan The Hazard Mitigation Plan will be used as a resource for the development of future Fire Plans.		Х
Capital Improvement Planning The municipality will establish a protocol to review current and future projects for hazard vulnerability. The will incorporate hazard resistant construction standards into the design and location of projects.	Х	Х
Day to Day Operations Incorporate Hazard Mitigation Actions in daily operations and all projects will be a goal of the municipality.	Х	Х
Local School Service Projects The municipality to work closely with the local school district and assist with community service projects for the service organizations. Several of the Towns Hazard Mitigation Actions can be implemented as a joint project with the school district.		
Municipal Budget- Adopted annually Municipality will look at Mitigation Actions when allocating funding.	Х	Х
<b>Economic Development-</b> The local economic development group will utilize the identification of hazard areas when assisting new business in finding a location.	N/A	N/A

# K.) ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

No additional comments at this time.

# NFIP ADMINISTRATOR INPUT SHEET

# 1. Planning and Regulatory

The Town of Dickinson is currently an active member of the NFIP. Flood Insurance Rate Maps have been in effect for the community for many years. The Town of Dickinson is proactive in floodplain management with ordinances exceeding minimum requirements. The Town has undertaken projects to help reliever flooding problems.

The Town of Dickinson <u>has not completed Community Assistance Visits (CAV)</u>. As of December 2012 there is no need for a CAV. Town of Dickinson has no outstanding compliance issues

## 2. Administrative and Technical Staff

Town of Dickinson has identified personnel to manage and uphold the Town of Dickinson's compliance with the NFIP. Dedicated staff include: Steve Rafferty Floodplain Manager, NFIP Coordinator and Joel Kie, Highway Superintendent. In addition, the Town of Dickinson has supplementary staff for which NFIP is an auxiliary duty; personnel include the Town Engineer. Staff members both dedicated and supplementary complete numerous tasks in order for *Town of Dickinson* to be in compliance of NFIP standards. Tasks include permit reviews, building inspections and training.

## 3. Financial

As of 12/31/12 there are 40 policies enforced within the Town of Dickinson. Of the 40 insurance policies, 22 are within the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), and 18 are located outside the SFHA. Repetitive loss insurance claims have been reported in several areas within the Town of Dickinson including the Front Street area. As of 12/31/12 there have been 6 repetitive loss properties 0 of severe repetitive loss properties within the Town of Dickinson.

## 4. Educational

The Town of Dickinson conducts numerous educational and/or outreach activities related to the NFIP. Activities include flood safe building practices, availability of flood insurance, newsletter. Actions to Strengthen the Program

The Town of Dickinson has taken numerous steps to strengthen the NFIP program and its administration. Actions include projects to lessen the effects of flooding adding valves and flap gates to the storm system.